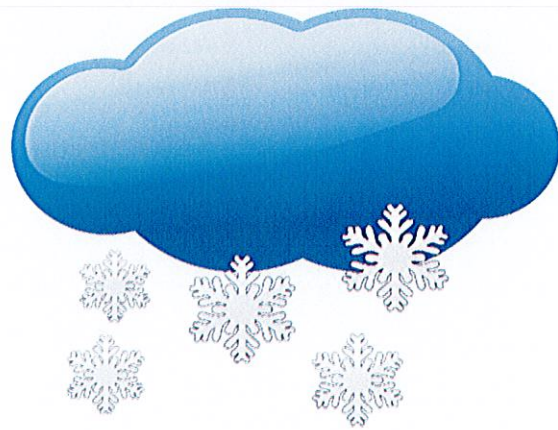


Third Grade
Blizzard Bag
Day 6



Day 6



Reading/Language	<p>*Read <u>Sunflowers</u> and answer questions. Please write in complete sentences. Be sure to mark where you found your answers in the text.</p> <p>*Vocabulary: Complete Unit 10 neatly (2 pages).</p> <p>*Independent reading requirements. (45 minutes)</p>
Math	<p>*Division/Multiplication worksheets pages 25 and 26</p>

Sunflowers

By Mimi Jorling

A sunflower is a big, circular, yellow flower that looks a lot like the sun. Sunflowers also need a lot of sun to grow. Sunflowers are actually made up of lots and lots of tiny flowers. The center part is made of one kind of flower, and the petals around it are another kind of flower.

We use sunflowers in many different ways. One thing we do with them is look at them! Many people add them to gardens because they are so big, bright, and colorful. They can also be cut and brought inside. They will last a long time in a vase. A vase is a pretty jar, bottle, or other container that is used to hold flowers.

Sunflower seeds are also good to eat. People, birds, and animals, including squirrels and chipmunks, love to eat sunflower seeds. They can be difficult to eat if they are still in their shells, but they are filled with protein and are good for you! Sunflower seeds also have a lot of oil in them. It can be squeezed out and collected. Many people use sunflower oil for cooking and in recipes.

Sunflowers are pretty flowers, and they give us and other animals food. Be careful of the stems, though—they are rough and very scratchy!

Name: _____ Date: _____

1. What is a sunflower?

- A a big, circular, yellow flower
- B a big, triangular, red flower
- C a small, circular, blue flower
- D a small, triangular, purple flower

2. What does the author describe in the second paragraph?

- A the center of a sunflower
- B different ways people use sunflowers
- C animals that love to eat sunflower seeds
- D food that is made with sunflower oil

3. Sunflowers provide food to people and animals. What evidence in the text supports this statement?

- A "Sunflowers are actually made up of lots and lots of tiny flowers."
- B "We use sunflowers in many different ways. One thing we do with them is look at them!"
- C "They [sunflowers] will last a long time in a vase. A vase is a pretty jar, bottle, or other container that is used to hold flowers."
- D "People, birds, and animals, including squirrels and chipmunks, love to eat sunflower seeds."

4. Read these sentences from the text.

"We use sunflowers in many different ways. One thing we do with them is look at them!"

Based on the information in this text, why might people look at sunflowers?

- A because sunflower seeds are filled with protein
- B because sunflower seeds have a lot of oil in them
- C because sunflowers need a lot of sun to grow
- D because sunflowers are bright and pretty

5. What is the main idea of this text?

- A Sunflowers are actually made up of lots and lots of tiny flowers.
- B The stems of sunflowers are rough and scratchy.
- C Sunflowers are pretty flowers that give people and animals food.
- D Sunflower seeds can be difficult to eat if they are still in their shells.

6. Read this sentence from the text.

"Sunflowers are actually made up of lots and lots of tiny flowers."

Why might the author have used the phrase "lots and lots" here?

- A to call attention to how bright sunflowers are
- B to call attention to the amount of flowers that make up sunflowers
- C to call attention to how small the flowers that make up sunflowers are
- D to call attention to how much sun sunflowers need to grow

7. Read these sentences from the text.

"Sunflower seeds are also good to eat. People, birds, and animals, including squirrels and chipmunks, love to eat sunflower seeds. They can be difficult to eat if they are still in their shells, but they are filled with protein and are good for you!"

What does the word "they" in the last sentence refer to?

- A people
- B birds and animals
- C squirrels and chipmunks
- D sunflower seeds

8. What do sunflower seeds have inside them?

9. What do people use sunflower oil for?

10. Read this sentence from the text.

“We use sunflowers in many different ways.”

Explain what part of a sunflower might be most useful to people. Support your answer with evidence from the text.

Unit 10

Look in a mirror. That's glass on the front with silver on the (1) side. The silver helps you see your (2) . Glasses that darken in the sun have silver in them. Silver is in the wires of a TV. It may even be in your watch. You can see that silver has many uses.

_____ 1. A. even B. reverse C. dirty D. odd

_____ 2. A. back B. pine C. neighbors D. reflection

Each year many new toys are shown at the world's biggest toy fair. The fair is in Germany. It takes three days to see everything. There are games, dolls, and (3) animals. Some toys are made in (4) . Others are made by hand.

_____ 3. A. weak B. gold C. stuffed D. low

_____ 4. A. factories B. boxes C. washers D. tents

Forests don't grow only on land. They grow in the ocean, too. A large sea forest can cover many miles. (5) of trees, the forests there are made of sea plants. The plants (6) food and a home to many kinds of sea animals.

_____ 5. A. Thanks B. Because C. Instead D. Knowing

_____ 6. A. find B. provide C. send D. buy

Jerry Hammond had (7) from a store and was sent to jail. When he got out, he looked at his life. His friends were in and out of jail. So he found some (8) and moved in with them. He left his past behind. Now Jerry has a good job.

_____ 7. A. stolen B. bought C. seen D. saved

_____ 8. A. pigs B. stems C. cars D. relatives

Score

What do you do when you spill salt? Do you throw some over your left side? Once people believed that a bad (9) always stared over their left side. People were afraid that spilling salt would bring bad luck. So they threw the salt over their left side. And that is how this (10) began.

_____ 9. A. ten B. card C. spirit D. soap

_____ 10. A. fence B. custom C. drink D. sand

In the 1920s cars were used more and more. They were also starting to go fast. And that meant (11) ! Garrett Morgan made a machine that told drivers when to stop and go. It had (12) red, green, and yellow lights.

_____ 11. A. accidents B. nests C. sets D. pins

_____ 12. A. popping B. flashing C. eating D. singing

A fawn lies hidden on the ground in the forest. Its spotted coat helps it stay hidden in the (13) leaves. The fawn will stay very (14) and quiet so it can't be heard by other animals.

_____ 13. A. fallen B. burning C. last D. thin

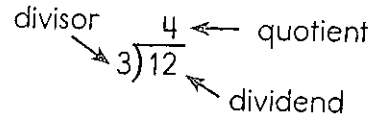
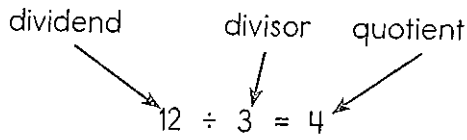
_____ 14. A. lean B. calm C. sick D. loud

Moths are insects with wings. There are many kinds of moths. They live just about everywhere. Moths are a lot like butterflies. It is often (15) to tell them apart. Like butterflies, moths were once (16) .

_____ 15. A. usual B. picky C. difficult D. tired

_____ 16. A. rats B. hens C. pets D. caterpillars

A **dividend** is the number being divided. A **divisor** is the number by which the dividend is divided. A **quotient** is the answer to a division problem.

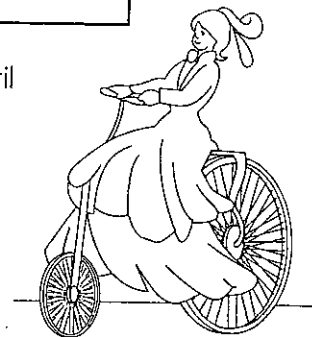


Knowing how to multiply can help you divide. Ask yourself: What number multiplied by the divisor equals the dividend? $3 \times \underline{\quad} = 12$ $3 \times 4 = 12$

Divide. Write the multiplication fact that helped you. Then, match the quotients to the numbers below and fill in the correct letters.

1. $7 \overline{)42}$	2. $9 \overline{)9}$	3. $6 \overline{)30}$	4. $5 \overline{)40}$
5. $8 \overline{)56}$	6. $3 \overline{)27}$	7. $8 \overline{)80}$	8. $8 \overline{)16}$
	9. $9 \overline{)36}$	10. $7 \overline{)21}$	

The first bicycles had no pedals. People walked them along until they came to a hill. Then, they rode down the hill.



What was the first bicycle called?

- 7 9 6 5 8 1 6 7 10 4 3 2

I can use my understanding of multiplication to solve division problems.

Name _____



Solve each problem.

$1.6 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

$7 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$9 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

$2.5 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

$6 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

$7 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

$9 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

$3.9 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

$3 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

$4.8 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$9 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

$6 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

5. $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$

6. $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$

7. $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$

8. $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$

$9.5 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$

$4 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

$2 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$10.3 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$6 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

$10 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$6 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

I can multiply and divide within 100.